

RD AN No. 3696 (1942-G)
January 28, 2002

SUBJECT: Rural Business Enterprise Grant Program
Clarification of Items in RD Instruction 1942-G

TO: State Directors, Rural Development

ATTN: Business Programs Directors

PURPOSE/INTENDED OUTCOME:

The purpose of this Administrative Notice (AN) is to clarify and provide additional guidance regarding definitions, purposes, use of Rural Business Enterprise Grant (RBEG) funds, intergovernmental reviews, the RBEG Project Selection Criteria scoresheet, and requests for National Office assistance in determining processing issues such as eligibility requirements.

COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS AN:

This AN replaces RD AN No. 3550 (1942-G) dated May 24, 2000, with the subject “Rural Business Enterprise Grant Program – Clarification of Items in RD Instruction 1942-G.”

IMPLEMENTATION RESPONSIBILITIES:

1. Small and emerging private business enterprise

Section 310B(c) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(c)) states, in part, that the Secretary may make grants to public bodies and private nonprofit corporations for measures designed to finance and facilitate development of small and emerging private business enterprises. RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.304, defines a small and emerging private business enterprise as “Any private business which will employ 50 or fewer new employees and has less than \$1 million in projected gross revenues.”

EXPIRATION DATE:
January 31, 2003

FILING INSTRUCTIONS:
Preceding RD Instruction 1942-G

You must ensure that RBEGs are made to eligible applicants by following the requirements of RD Instruction 1942-G, Attachment 1, section A, II., C. Also, the applicant's case file must be documented reflecting how the business to benefit from the RBEG meets the above-cited definition of a small and emerging private business enterprise.

2. Technical assistance

Technical assistance is defined in RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.304. The definition should be followed when technical assistance is requested. Any technical assistance provided must benefit small and emerging private business enterprises.

The applicant needs to have technical experts on staff to fulfill the requirements of the needed assistance or be in a position to contract out for the expertise if it is not available in-house. Should a grant be awarded, the grantee may not turn the responsibility of the technical assistance project over to a contracting party. The grantee must oversee and control the project through completion.

3. Rural housing

RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.306(a)(1), regarding the purposes of RBEG, allows the acquisition and development of land, easements, and rights-of-way. However, this purpose is to specifically assist small and emerging private business enterprises, not to provide land for residential housing.

Through the RBEG revolving loan program, a construction company may receive a loan from a grantee to expand its construction business. It is not acceptable to use RBEG funds to finance housing for residents; Rural Development has other programs in place for site development and residential housing. The RBEG should not be used to duplicate other Rural Development program purposes.

4. Startup costs and working capital

RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.306(a)(3), includes as an eligible use: "Loans for startup operating costs and working capital." Since the instruction specifically states "loans," the grantee must loan the funds to a small and emerging private business enterprise for startup operating costs and working capital. "Pass-through" grants are not an allowable purpose for the RBEG Program.

In addition, RBEG funds cannot be used by the grantee for the grantee's own startup costs for working capital.

5. Revolving loan fund

When a revolving loan program is established by use of the RBEG, there must be a Revolving Loan Fund Program Plan developed pursuant to RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.313. Also, a Scope of Work will be developed as required by RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.314.

Applications for grants to provide financial assistance to third-party recipients (revolving loan fund) require completion of a Class II environmental assessment prior to grant approval. The environmental assessment will be done in accordance with RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.310(b)(4). Also, after the grant is approved, each third-party project will have an environmental assessment completed as required by RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.310(b)(4), until all the Federal funds have been used. In accordance with RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.310(i), revolved funds are not subject to this requirement.

Based upon the eligible purposes outlined in RD Instruction 1942-G, RBEG funds cannot be used to purchase portions of loans or interests in loans made by a lending institution. When the grantee makes a request to provide financial assistance to third parties through a loan, the grantee must use RBEG funds to establish a revolving loan program. This does not preclude the joint financing of a third-party loan, through the revolving loan program, with other credit sources.

6. Intergovernmental review

You should review and become knowledgeable of the requirements of RD Instruction 1940-J, regarding Intergovernmental Review of Rural Development Programs and Activities, and RD Instruction 1942-G, Attachment 1, section A, II., A. Also, you may wish to refer to 7 CFR part 3015, subpart V, “Intergovernmental Review of Department of Agriculture Programs and Activities.”

In reviewing the cited instructions, you will observe that any comments received from the state intergovernmental review process (state) must be included with the grantee’s request to use Rural Business-Cooperative Service (RBS) grant funds. Any negative comments must be addressed before further processing of the request can be accomplished. In those instances where comments cannot be accommodated, RBS will provide the state with a timely explanation of the basis for its decision. It may be necessary to contact the state, both in person and in writing, to discuss the objections raised and determine the next form of action.

7. Project selection criteria scoresheet

RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.305(b)(3), does not distinguish between a service-oriented project and a construction project in determining the amount of points to be awarded. There is also no mention of averaging the population of the various communities comprising a service area. The **population** is determined by the **primary location** of the project. Where the project location is not clearly identifiable, there will be no points awarded. Multi-state and statewide projects should receive zero points under this scoring criterion.

You should average figures for the **economic conditions** on Attachment 1, section C, RBEG Project Selection Criteria scoresheet. RD Instruction 1942-G, Attachment 1, sections A, II., B., 1., b., c., and d., clearly refer to the **area to be served**. Each item regarding economic conditions is based upon the average of data for the area to be served by RBEG.

Any RBEG preapplication should identify all areas affected by the proposed project. This may include cities, counties, townships, states, etc.

RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.305(b)(3)(iii), regarding experience, allows only 10 points. There is an inconsistency between this section and Attachment 1, section C, paragraph C. Therefore, when completing Attachment 1, section C, you should change 15 to 10, if the applicant meets the requirements for the points. You are reminded that the applicant (organization) must have at least 5 years of successful experience in the type of activity proposed in the application to receive points. Also, if an applicant is establishing a revolving loan fund, it is not entitled to receive the 10 points for experience, since it is the applicant's first revolving loan fund.

RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.305(b)(3)(iv)(C), regarding the establishment of a revolving loan fund, allows for 25 points. There is an inconsistency between this section and the purposes indicated in Attachment 1, section C, paragraph D.3. Paragraph D.3. states: "For grants to establish a revolving fund, or grant request contains proposed third-party recipients." Points should be awarded here only for a revolving fund. No points should be awarded for technical assistance or any other purpose. You should award points only if the proposed grantee is establishing a revolving loan fund. If the proposed grantee has an existing revolving loan fund from any source, no points will be awarded.

You must follow RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.305(b)(3)(v), when awarding discretionary points. A project that is an initial project receives discretionary points. An **initial** RBEG is one made to a **grantee** to do a purpose which has not been done by the grantee with RBEG funds previously. (Subsequent grant example: Once a grantee has

received an RBEG for technical assistance, the next request the grantee submits for technical assistance is considered a subsequent project and no discretionary points may be given to the subsequent request or any future requests the grantee has for technical assistance.)

All scoresheets must contain supporting documentation for each item where points are awarded. For any score sheet submitted to the National Office for funding consideration, your case file must contain copies of your supporting documents for each item where points are awarded. Any items not containing supporting documentation will have the points disallowed for national competition.

8. National Office assistance

When submitting a request to the National Office for assistance in processing an RBEG, we must have the following:

- a. a cover memorandum outlining your request and recommendations with justification;
- b. a copy of the comments from the Regional Attorney, as required by RD Instruction 1942-G, Attachment 1, section A, II., C.;
- c. a copy of Standard Form (SF) 424.1, "Application for Federal Assistance (For Non-construction)," or SF 424.2, "Application for Federal Assistance (For Construction)";
- d. narrative for the project;
- e. preliminary engineering report for construction projects or Scope of Work for other requests;
- f. letter from the applicant stating the purpose of the project, need for the project, and evidence that the applicant is unable to get adequate credit elsewhere; and
- g. comments as required by the intergovernmental review process.

Any grant processing request for guidance and comments must include the above information. This must be present for us to accurately provide comments and guidance. The Rural Development State Director or designee must submit any RBEG processing request to the Specialty Lenders Division.

All requests that do not meet these minimum standards will be returned without action.

SUMMARY

The RBEG program is administered by Rural Development through RBS using RD Instruction 1942-G. RBS will request an opinion from the OGC Regional Attorney that the applicant for the RBEG is an eligible applicant with authority to carry out the purposes of the proposed grant; definitions in RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.304, must be followed; and the eligibility determination and project selection process outlined in RD Instruction 1942-G, section 1942.305, are essential for the RBEG approving official to follow.

The Rural Development State Office is responsible to assure those requirements of RD Instruction 1942-G and this AN are adhered to in administering the RBEG program.

If you have any questions concerning the content of this AN, please call Amy Cavanaugh, Loan Specialist, Specialty Lenders Division Processing Branch, (202) 690-2516.

(Signed by John Rosso)

JOHN ROSSO
Acting Administrator